## GEORGE SASSOWER

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914-949-2169

March 17, 1997

Arthur Ochs Sultzberger, Jr. Publisher, New York Times 229 West 43rd Street, New York, NY 10036

Re: Chief U.S. Circuit Court Judge JON O. NEWMAN
Presiding Appellate Division Justice FRANCIS T. MURPHY
NY State Attorney General DENNIS C. VACCO

Dear Mr. Sultzberger,

1. Enclosed is a copy of a March 11, 1997 letter from the Office of NY State Attorney General DENNIS C. VACCO which reveals that it, as the statutory fiduciary of all involuntarily dissolved corporations, does not have any copy of a final accounting for the judicial trust assets of PUCCINI CLOTHES, LTD. (Exhibit "A"), which further confirms, what you already know, that the "legal notice" published in the NEW YORK TIMES was and is a fraud and was intended to and did deceive (Exhibit "B").

In "Make No Law", Anthony Lewis, a columnist for your newspaper, quotes a letter from your then attorneys to L.B. Sullivan, which reads (p. 12):

"because our client, the New York Times, is <u>always</u> desirous of correcting <u>any</u> statements which appear in its papers and which turn out to be erroneous." [emphasis supplied]

I entertain little doubt that the above is a correct statement of your policy, but you now have opted to make an exception in order to conceal the fact that, inter alia, the above jurists and official are all involved in egregious criminal activities.

- DIAMOND, an at-will employee, has no legal authority to "approve" any "final accounting" for any court-appointed receiver, even if such final accounting did exist, or afford the other relief requested in such published "legal notice".
- b. Secondly, a Puccini "final accounting", as confirmed by Exhibit "A", does not exist -- it is `phantom'.

A Puccini accounting which require, inter alia, a statement of Puccini's assets as of June 4, 1980, the date it was involuntarily dissolved, and the disbursements made.

Since any Puccini accounting would immediately reveal "bribe" payments, as evidenced by cancelled checks, of more than \$1,000,000, and compel restitution to Puccini's nationwide creditors, this sham "legal notice" was published in your newspaper in an attempt to conceal and defraud.

A further Puccini examination, easily made, will reveal the "bribe" payments are more than \$3,000,000, as evidenced by cancelled checks.

- In all jurisdictions, state and federal, a court-3a. appointed receiver, an agent of the court, must account for his stewardship, an obligation which cannot be waived, excused and/or enjoined, since the public is entitled to know whether their judges and/or their appointees, are "crooks".
- In New York, a court-appointed receiver must file an accounting must be filed "at least once a year" (22 NYCRR §202.5e[e]).

However, since Puccini was involuntarily dissolved, more than sixteen (16) years ago, not a single accounting has been filed -- not one -- as the Office of Court Administration is aware.

In New York, the NY State Attorney General, the statutory fiduciary for all involuntarily dissolved corporations, as a non-discretionary "duty", must make application to compel the filing of a final accounting and make distribution after the expiration of 18 months (NY Bus. Corp. Law §1216[a]).

However, since Puccini was involuntarily dissolved more than 200 months ago, not a single application has been made by the successive Attorney Generals to compel such filing and distribution -- not one!

- Francis T. Murphy recognized, when he became the Presiding Justice about 20 years ago, that in order to restore the status quo ante that existed during the reign of WILLIAM MARCY ["Boss"] TWEED the Grand Sachem of Tammany Hall, he had to: (i) corrupt the successive NY State Attorney Generals to betray their statutory fiduciary duties, when he so desired; (ii) exercise greater control over disciplinary procedures in order to compel their submission and silence (NY Times, Feb. 15, 1980), and (iii) endear himself to the media, particularly the NY Times.
- Thus, for example, the NY Times published on its front page the fact that Presiding Justice Murphy had promulgated 22 NYCRR §660.24 (July 7, 1977), since repealed, which was intended to remedy some of the abuses in the making of judicial appointments.

However, the NY Times never reported that 22 NYCRR §660.24 was never given any obedience for those having the "inside tract", including in the Puccini matter.

- The NY Times never noted that in the "Boss" Murphy realm, those attorneys having the "inside tract" can rob, steal, plunder, perjure and bribe, are given effective immunity for their transgressions, while it is those who resist and expose such activities who are punished.
- When Judge Newman was on the "short list" for nomination, as was the convicted and incarcerated Chief U.S. Circuit Court Judge MARTIN T. MANTON before him, the NY Times was given a copy of my letter to President Clinton (see, Exhibit "C").

In addition to being involved in a number of criminal rackets, including the Puccini racket, Judge Newman conceded that he was, inter alia, defrauding the federal government.

As such letter also reveals, Judge Newman fully cooperated in defrauding the state treasury, by permitting state defense representation, including that of Presiding Justice Murphy, at state cost and expense, notwithstanding the Amendment XI/Hans (Hans v. Louisiana, 134 U.S. 1 [1890]) subject matter jurisdictional bar.

Thus, for almost four (4) years, the Chief Judge of the Second Circuit, has been involved in criminal activities more egregious than most of those convicted and incarcerated by those courts under his control.

The imputation of knowledge, and your concomitant responsibilities, may not be avoided by the simple expedient of closing your eyes, covering your ears, and holding your breath.

However, you must, at a minimum, publish, expose and repudiate the aforementioned "legal notice", as a fraud and sham.

Most Respectfully,

GEORGE SASSOWER

cc: Chief Judge Jon O. Newman Presiding Justice Francis T. Murphy NY State Attorney General Dennis C. Vacco Chief Administrative Judge Jonathan Lippman