BEFORE THE NEW YORK STATE SENATE 1 STAL JING COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY 2 3 Public Hearing on the 4 Appellate Division First Department Departmental Disciplinary Committee, 5 the Grievance Committees of the Various Judicial Districts, and the 6 New York State Commission on Judicial Conduct 7 Hearing Room 6 8 Empire State Plaza Albany, NY 9 June 8, 2009 10 10:35 a.m. 11 PRESIDING: 12 Senator John Sampson 13 Chair Senate Standing Committee on Judiciary 14 PRESENT: 15 Senator John A. DeFrancisco (R) 16 Senator Bill Perkins 17 18 19 20 21 2.2 23 24

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## 1 LIST OF PARTICIPANTS STATEMENT 2 Martin R. Gold 3 Alan W. Friedberg 9-34 First Department DDC 4 Christine C. Anderson, Esq. 34-48 5 Kevin McKeown 48-63 6 Hon. Thomas A. Klonick 7 Robert H. Tembeckjian Commission on Judicial Conduct 63-79 8 Justice Duane A. Hart 80-97 9 98-109 Pamela Carvel 10 109-120 Paul H. Altman 11 Luisa C. Esposito 120-128 12 129-143 William Galison 13 143-158 Eleanor Capogrosso, Esq. 14 Robert Ostertag 15 158-169 NYS Bar Association 16 169-182 John A. Aretakis, Esq. 17 182-185 Michael Kelly 18 Kathryn Grace Jordan 185-191 End Discrimination Now 19 192-203 James A. Montagnino, Esq. 20 204-216 Ruth M. Pollack, Esq. 21 217-219 Kevin Patrick Brady 22 23 Carl Lanzisera 219-225 Americans for Legal Reform

1 CHAIRMAN SAMPSON: I'd like to just 2 get this hearing started. And I apologize for my tardiness. 3 4 First of all, I want to welcome all 5 those who are attending this hearing dealing with the disciplinary process as it refers 6 to lawyers and also to judges in the State 7 of New York. My name is Senator John 8 9 Sampson, I'm from the 19th Senatorial District, along with my colleague Senator 10 John DeFrancisco, who is from the Syracuse 11 12 region. 13 Am I correct, Senator? 14 SENATOR DEFRANCISCO: That's correct. 15 CHAIRMAN SAMPSON: And we want to 16 welcome you all here this morning. This is the first in a series of 17 18 hearings that will examine the disciplinary 19 process for lawyers and judges in the State 20 of New York. When a complaint comes to a 21 disciplinary body, we want to know how is it being handled, how many people examine the 22 complaint to decide what the process is, 23 24 what review mechanisms are in place to

ensure that once the decision is reached it is fair and according to the rules of law.

These are just a few questions that we'll be examining during the course of this hearing. I know many of you have traveled great distances to be here today to observe and to participate in today's hearing. I would like to take this opportunity to thank you all. Your participation and input on the disciplinary process will help the committee determine what if any measures are needed to improve or repair the system so that the members of the public as well as the lawyers and judges are all treated fairly and equitably by the disciplinary system.

17 This hearing has generated a great deal 18 of interest from the public. A lot of people want to speak today, but 19 20 unfortunately the committee was not able to accommodate them all due to the limited 21 22 We have about 30 witnesses, close to time. 30 witnesses. I'm going to try to ask 23 24 everybody to keep their comments within five

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minutes. We want to get to the point so we 1 can have, you know, the interchange between 2 questions and answers. 3 And due to the number of responses we 4 received, the committee will conduct 5 additional hearings in New York City as well 6 7 as in Western New York so that we can get a better understanding of the total picture 8 across the state and accommodate those who 9 couldn't testify today. 10 As I indicated, we have about 30 11 individuals who are going to testify, and I 12 do apologize for that. But we're going to 13 try to be as swift as possible. 14 As I said, this hearing will examine 15 16 the disciplinary process for the judges and attorneys in the State of New York. 17 Judges in our state are disciplined by the 18 Commission on Judicial Conduct. The 19 20 commission acts pursuant to Article 6, Section 22 of the New York State 21 Constitution. This law was put in place in 22 1978, after the people of New York spoke 23 with one voice that there needed to be a 24

better system for judicial discipline. 1 2 The Legislature acted through the Judiciary Law to codify what the people 3 asked for. Article 2 of the Judiciary Law 4 sets out the powers and duties of the 5 6 commission. The commission consists of 11 individuals, four appointed by the Governor, 7 one by the Temporary President of the 8 Senate, one by the Minority Leader of the 9 Senate, one by the Speaker of the Assembly, 10 11 one by the Minority Leader of the Assembly, and three by the Chief Judge of the Court of 12 13 Appeals. This commission is empowered to 14 censure, admonish or remove judges from 15 16 office if necessary. They can subpoena witnesses, compel courts to release records 17 to them, offer immunity to witnesses, 18 investigate written complaints about judges 19 20 or, on their initiative, conduct investigations concerning judges of the 21 United Court System. 22 There are approximately 3500 judges and 23 justices in the New York State Unified Court 24

1	System. Last year alone, there were 1900
2	complaints of judicial misconduct, and of
3	these the commission conducted 262
4	full-fledged investigations, along with 174
5	investigations that were pending from 2007.
6	Dealing with attorney discipline in
7	• New York is governed by the Appellate
8	Division of the State of New York Supreme
9	Court. The rules that govern attorney
10	conduct and discipline are found in rules of
11	professional conduct. Lawyers who violate
12	those rules are subject to discipline. This
13	discipline can take the form of a letter of
14	caution, an order of public censure,
15	suspension or disbarment of the attorneys.
16	Only complaints that do result in formal
17	disciplinary action, censure, suspension or
18	disbarment are available to the public.
19	Once again, ladies and gentlemen, I
20	want to thank you very much for being here
21	today. We're going to try to conduct this
22	hearing as quickly as possible in an orderly
23	fashion.
24	And I would like to introduce one of my

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l	colleagues who just came, Senator Perkins,
, 2	from New York City, from Harlem.
3	But at this point in time I would like
4	my colleague Senator DeFrancisco to say a
5	few words.
6	SENATOR DeFRANCISCO: My words are
7	very few.
8	Everybody is handing in a written
9	presentation. Do me a favor, because I've
10	gone through many, many hearings in the last
11	17 years. Assume, just for the sake of
12	argument, that we can read. You know, maybe
13	that's a bad assumption on behalf of
14	officials in state government, but let's
15	assume that we can read. And get to the
16	main points of your presentation.
17	Otherwise, we'll never get you to say what's
18	really on your mind and we get into a
19	reading contest, which doesn't do anybody
20	any good, and those who are here towards the
21	end of the list will be here about 4 o'clock
22	this afternoon waiting for their turn.
23	So please do that, and it will really
24	be helpful for all of us. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN SAMPSON: Senator Bill 1 2 Perkins. SENATOR PERKINS: I'm going to be 3 even briefer. 4 I of course echo the sentiments of my 5 colleague in terms of the fact that the 6 testimony has been written, and a brief 7 summarization that allows us to sort of 8 explore your questions and concerns more 9 would be helpful. 10 And I just also want to compliment the 11 chairman for his vision with respect to this 12 committee, and particularly on this issue 13 which is of such great importance to many of 14 And I just want to urge him to keep up 15 us. 16 the good work. Thank you very CHAIRMAN SAMPSON: 17 much, Senator Perkins. 18 Without further ado, we're going to get 19 The first witness is Martin Gold, 20 started. a member of the First Department 21 Departmental Disciplinary Committee, and 22 also Alan Friedberg, chief counsel, First 23 Department Departmental Disciplinary 24