BEFORE THE NEW YORK STATE SENATE 1 STAL JING COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY 2 3 Public Hearing on the 4 Appellate Division First Department Departmental Disciplinary Committee, 5 the Grievance Committees of the Various Judicial Districts, and the 6 New York State Commission on Judicial Conduct 7 Hearing Room 6 8 Empire State Plaza Albany, NY 9 June 8, 2009 10 10:35 a.m. 11 12 PRESIDING: Senator John Sampson 13 Chair Senate Standing Committee on Judiciary 14 PRESENT: 15 Senator John A. DeFrancisco (R) 16 Senator Bill Perkins 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24

1	committee.
2	I am here to read a 30-second statement
3	of my own and then
4	CHAIRMAN SAMPSON: Perfect. I like
5	30 seconds.
6	MR. McKEOWN: and then I will
7	torture you, and then I will read a short
8	letter from a former judge of this state.
9	CHAIRMAN SAMPSON: You didn't submit
10	any testimony to us, did you?
11	MR. McKEOWN: Yes, I did.
12	CHAIRMAN SAMPSON: Okay. I guess we
13	do have it somewhere here. Okay.
14	MR. McKEOWN: Again, my name is Kevin
15	McKeown. I'm the proud member of various
16	organizations focusing on the restoration of
17	the trust the public should have in the
18	judicial branch of our government. The
19	organizations include Integrity in the
20	Courts, Expose Corrupt Courts, and the Frank
21	Brady Organization.
22	I believe the statewide attorney and
23	judicial ethics oversight structure is
24	corrupt, and I applaud this committee for

MS. ANDERSON: Of the committee? 1 SENATOR PERKINS: Yeah, of the Policy 2 Committee. 3 MS. ANDERSON: I really don't know. 4 And very frankly, I don't want to know. 5 CHAIRMAN SAMPSON: Okay. Thank you 6 very much, Ms. Anderson. 7 MS. ANDERSON: Thank you, sir. Thank 8 you, gentlemen. 9 CHAIRMAN SAMPSON: The next witness 10 is Kevin McKeown, on behalf of the Fred 11 12 Goetz Trust. Mr. Goetz, five minutes, thank you very 13 much. Go right ahead. 14 MR. McKEOWN: First of all, Senator, 15 my name is --16 CHAIRMAN SAMPSON: Mr. McKeown, I'm 17 sorry. Mr. McKeown. 18 MR. McKEOWN: -- Kevin McKeown, and 19 I'm not reading a statement on behalf of the 20 Fred Goetz Trust. That is going to be 21 submitted at the subsequent hearing when 22 those 13 people will fly in from around the 23 country to testify before your great 24

1	LIST OF PARTICIPANTS	
2		<u>STATEMENT</u>
3	Martin R. Gold Alan W. Friedberg	
4	First Department DDC	9 - 3 4
5	Christine C. Anderson, Esq.	34-48
6	Kevin McKeown	48-63
7	Hon. Thomas A. Klonick Robert H. Tembeckjian	
8	Commission on Judicial Conduct	63-79
9	Justice Duane A. Hart	80-97
10	Pamela Carvel	98-109
11	Paul H. Altman	109-120
12	Luisa C. Esposito	120-128
13	William Galison	129-143
14	Eleanor Capogrosso, Esq.	143-158
15	Robert Ostertag NYS Bar Association	158-169
16	John A. Aretakis, Esq.	169-182
17 .	Michael Kelly	182-185
18	Kathryn Grace Jordan	
19	End Discrimination Now	185-191
20	James A. Montagnino, Esq.	192-203
21	Ruth M. Pollack, Esq.	204-216
22	Kevin Patrick Brady	217-219
23	Carl Lanzisera Americans for Legal Reform	219-225
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what can only be described as a heroic and 1 beginning step in returning a lost faith by 2 the public in this state court system. 3 I will say one thing today as I defer 4 my own personal experience to the next 5 hearing to be held in New York City. 6 The 7 idea of having attorneys regulating attorneys and attorney judges is laughable, 8 and today marks --9 (Applause.) 10 CHAIRMAN SAMPSON: This is the last 11 time I'm going to ask. We're trying to 12 conduct an orderly, an orderly hearing here, 13 trying to get everybody's testimony in. 14 Ιf this continues, I will definitely cut it 15 short and just end it. Okay? 16 Thank you. Senators, today marks 17 MR. MCKEOWN: the beginning of a process in which the 18 public, attorneys, court employees and in 19 fact judges can have faith that the respect 20 21 that they should have in the integrity of their courts will once again return to this 22 great state. 23 I'm going to now read a short letter 24

1	that was prepared Judge Philip Rogers
2	could not be here tocay; he had broken ribs.
3	However, Judge Rogers was one of three
4	judges of New York State that accompanied me
5	before a U.S. House Subcommittee on the
6	Judiciary a few months ago as it pertains to
7	the federal crimes we allege that are
8	ongoing within the New York State court
9	system.
10	CHAIRMAN SAMPSON: Could you
11	paraphrase it? I mean not read it, but
12	paraphrase it.
13	MR. McKEOWN: It's very short. And
14	it's done to be read, Senator, if I may.
15	CHAIRMAN SAMPSON: Okay.
16	MR. McKEOWN: "Dear Senator Sampson,
17	I am a 70-year-old former attorney and
18	village justice who practiced law in the
19	State of New York from October 16, 1968,
20	until being unjustly disbarred on May 31,
21	1999.
22	"I was the victim of a secret and
23	corrupt grievance process that lacks the
24	most elementary due-process constraints and

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1 safeguards and was used as part of a conspiracy by former business partners to 2 3 ruin me after our venture went bankrupt. 4 "I respectfully ask that this committee propose legislation that will protect 5 victims such as myself from suffering the 6 loss of their law license and, as in my 7 case, all of their life choices as a result 8 of the totally corrupt attorney disciplinary 9 process managed and controlled by money, 10 11 favoritism, and cronyism. "By way of background, I practiced law 12 in my home village of Patchogue, in Suffolk 13 County, for 30 years of my professional 14 From 1970 to 1994, I also served as 15 life. the Patchogue village justice. 16 I was 17 elected to six consecutive four-year terms 18 by substantial majorities in each election, 19 by the people who knew me best from my days 20 as a Patchogue student. I served as the chairman of the Patchogue-Medford School 21 Board Ethics Committee, president of the 22 Suffolk County Magistrates Association, and 23 as a director of the Suffolk County 24

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Magistrates Association.

2 "In the end, however, my professional 3 standing was left in ruins and my status as a member of the bar was taken from me by a 4 corrupt, secret, nontransparent disciplinary 5 6 system that places power in attorneys to 7 supervise their fellow lawyers. Are we to 8 believe that attorney supervision is too. complex, complicated or problematical to be 9 left to nonattorneys? Only lawyers drafting 10 the laws and regulations could foster such a 11 12 ridiculous concept. 13 "What we have had for years now is a fatally flawed system where no one truly 14 watches the watchers who, according to 15 testimony of former and current staff, 16 regularly abuse the process they are paid to 17 administer. Clearly the lawyer-controlled 18 disciplinary committees must be replaced by 19 a new system, where nonattorneys who are 20 fully familiar with ethical problem-solving 21 review and adjudicate complaints concerning 22 23 lawyer conduct. "No lawyer can or should be permitted 24

1 to sit in judgment of a fellow attorney. In my case, people seeking to bring pressure on 2 me as a result of a failed business venture 3 sought to use the grievance process to 4 coerce a settlement payment from me and in 5 the end, as they themselves said on more 6 7 than one occasion, ruin me. "My former partners and their allies 8 achieved their goal by using political and 9 10 other connections to move my disarmament 11 proceedings from Patchogue to Brooklyn. Once removed to this location, exculpatory 12 13 evidence was ignored, perjured testimony was 14 accepted as true, basic due-process 15 protections were denied me, and false and 16 fraudulent accusations became the foundation 17 of the ruling against me. "When my investigation was moved to 18 Brooklyn, I was warned that the fix was in, 19 and later events proved this to be true. 20 Ι

believe I would still be serving the legal

process that was used against me simply been

more transparent. Instead, a secretive and

community as an attorney had the ethics

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corrupted process intent on only ruining me 1 ended my life of public service. 2 "Transparency would have provided me 3 the opportunity to reveal the perjurious 4 testimony allowed against me. It was also 5 improper that my most basic right of due 6 process was denied, thus preventing the 7 vital testimony of various witnesses. 8 "Senator Sampson, I commend you and 9 your committee for holding these important 10 hearings on the attorney grievance process. 11 Based on my personal knowledge of other 12 cases similar to mine, I know that the most 13 elementary inquiry by this committee will 14 find that many others, both attorneys and 15 clients, have been wronged like me. 16 "I trust that these injustices will see 17 the light of day and permit the immediate 18 reinstatement of attorneys wrongly 19 disbarred. I am also hopeful that needed 20 changes will include systemwide transparency 21 and the providing of due process to those 22 accused." 23 CHAIRMAN SAMPSON: Mr. McKeown, we 24

1	have the letter here, and definitely there's
2	only one paragraph left. But as you heard
3	earlier from Mr. Gold and also
4	Mr. Friedberg, these processes under law
5	have to be done in those certain
6	circumstances, you know. So, I mean
7	MR. McKEOWN: If I may address that,
8	Senator Sampson, I have the pleasure of
9	actually having personal interaction, so I'm
10	waiving confidentiality. I have personal
11	interaction with Mr. Friedberg and with
12	Mr. Gold. I presented evidence that I was
13	threatened by Mr. Friedberg.
14	And although I was called in by the
15	U.S. Attorney's Office and the FBI and the
16	referral in Washington, D.C., to the United
17	States Justice Department, although they all
18	found it very interesting and are currently
19	looking at it, Mr. Friedberg and Mr. Reardon
20	and Mr. Gold have done what they have
21	summarily done, and that is get rid of it.
22	Senator Sampson, the documentation, I
23	assert, is there. And I will tell you that
24	at your next hearing, as a member of the

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various organizations, we will present to 1 you at your New York City hearing over 100 2 documented cases of the most ludicrous and 3 slipshod investigations resulting in what we 4 believe is a gross pattern of misconduct by 5 the ethics committees themselves. 6 CHAIRMAN SAMPSON: I mean, that's 7 something we're interested in. 8 Senator DeFrancisco has a couple of 9 questions for you. 10 SENATOR DEFRANCISCO: Who do you 11 represent? 12 Myself. And the three MR. MCKEOWN: 13 organizations that I mentioned. 14 SENATOR DEFRANCISCO: When you're 15 talking about the FBI and the U.S. Attorney 16 and all that, was that about a personal file 17 pertaining to you or is it for this judge 18 that you read the letter for? I'm trying to 19 20 figure out --Well, actually, that 21 MR. MCKEOWN: judge had nothing to do with the FBI. 22 However, I will tell you when I was 23 called into the FBI at 26 Federal Plaza, 24

1	that there is favoritism in the process, as
2	was pointed out by the speaker before you?
3	Do you think that those who are big shots or
4	who have connections or some other such
5	credentials are getting treated with kid
6	gloves and favoritism?
7	MR. McKEOWN: Yes, Senator. In fact,
8	I'll go so far as to say that it is embedded
9	in the four statewide grievance committees,
10	and I say under the four departments.
11	We have heard from state attorneys,
12	judges, attorneys, retired judges from all
13	over the state. If you're a prisoner and
14	you file a complaint with an ethics
15	committee, don't you dare think that it's
16	going to be handled properly. Just because
17	you're a prisoner automatically puts you to
18	the bottom of the list at every one of the
19	four ethics departments in this state.
20	There's the presumption that if you're in
21	jail, you could not have been wronged by an
22	attorney.
23	And, Senators, that's wrong. That is
24	totally wrong. And that's we can't wait

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1 attorneys are versed on the law. But it 2 brings up the bigger issue of people self-regulating. 3 CHAIRMAN SAMPSON: Understood. 4 5 MR. McKEOWN: If an attorney is named John Doe and he has been convicted of a 6 7 federal crime and goes to federal prison and does time, will he get his law license back? 8 That's a question. 9 Of course we all know that there was a 10 11 chief judge of this state who was convicted 12 of a federal crime who went to federal 13 prison and got his law license back. 14 What this comes down to, Senator, is 15 equality. 16 CHAIRMAN SAMPSON: Understood. 17 MR. McKEOWN: And I would much rather handle a complaint that said the person's 18 name was John Doe rather than a certain 19 person who that name triggers favoritism and 20 unequal treatment. That's what it all comes 21 22 down to. CHAIRMAN SAMPSON: Senator Perkins. 23 So do you believe SENATOR PERKINS: 24

1 CHAIRMAN SAMPSON: What you're saying is basically, you know, lawyers can't 2 3 regulate attorneys. 4 I mean, you have very reputable and ethical attorneys who we put in these 5 6 positions to make that decision. You know, there might be an aberration here or there, 7 8 but I don't see it as a problem having a 9 panel of -- having a panel of attorneys, based upon their background and everything 10 11 else, making decisions such as that. But if there is, as you're saying, when 12 13 you present cases to me where I see discrepancies and issues, that's why we're 14 having this hearing, so we can get to the 15 16 bottom line of these things, all these 17 allegations and these conspiracy issues. We 18 want to get to the bottom line, and that's 19 why we're asking for specific instances, so 20 we can look for ourselves and, based upon 21 those recommendations, make a determination. MR. MCKEOWN: Absolutely, Senator. 22 And again, that is a very good point. 23 And 24 obviously you need attorney input because

SENATOR DEFRANCISCO: Okay. In 1 addition, last point -- I think -- you had 2 indicated that it should not be attorneys 3 who are reviewing these particular cases, it 4 should be laypeople. And the laypeople 5 would then make determinations concerning 6 fraud, concerning due process, concerning 7 whatever it may be. 8 How would they gain the expertise in 9 those areas as to what the disciplinary 10 rules are and the like? Would they have to 11 have any qualifications that you would 12 presume that attorneys would have? 13 MR. McKEOWN: Senator, that's a very 14 good question. And --15 SENATOR DeFRANCISCO: That's why I 16 asked it. 17 MR. McKEOWN: -- of course they would 18 have to be guided by what the laws are, what 19 the procedures are. 20 I ask you, do we want bankers 21 self-regulating? That doesn't work. Do we 22 want Wall Street self-regulating? We know 23 that doesn't work. 24

1	personal cases that you were called in on or
2	were they people that you were representing
3	that somehow got in the federal criminal
4	system.
5	MR. McKEOWN: They were the
6	organizations that I'm a member of, to
7	answer your question, as a member of that
8	organization, we brought those cases when
9	asked to these federal entities.
10	SENATOR DEFRANCISCO: All right, so
11	you weren't brought into the FBI, you were
12	seeking the FBI to look into these. Is that
13	what you're saying?
14	MR. MCKEOWN: Well, the U.S.
15	Attorney's office told us. The FBI, in one
16	instance we called them; in another instance
17	they called us. And actually there's a new
18	inquiry in another
19	SENATOR DEFRANCISCO: So this wasn't
20	something that this is something you
21	wanted to have done to explain all this to
22	the federal investigators, the U.S. Attorney
23	and the like; correct?
24	MR. MCKEOWN: Absolutely.

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1 that we had become a lightning rod for literally the worldwide collection of people 2 3 that have been harmed by these so-called ethics committees. And they asked me to 4 5 bring in my four outrageous cases, and I went in there. 6 7 Now, before, a group of us, which 8 includes former federal prosecutors, 9 attorneys, et cetera, we would go through 10 the evidence before we presented it to the 11 FBI. We went out, pulled case studies --1.2 whether it was a judge, a lawyer, a 13 disbarred lawyer, or a litigant, we would 14 pull the case files and see for ourselves 15 what the documentation said. 16 Based on that, the FBI asked for four 17 specific -- the four worst cases. And then

in other circumstances where the U.S. Attorney's office, where certain information has come to light where they have then said we want to interview those people. SENATOR DEFRANCISCO: I am totally

22 SENATOR DeFRANCISCO: I am totally 23 confused. I just asked you the cases that 24 you went to the FBI about, were those

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to get a stack of the 100 complaints that we 1 have from the beautiful people of Brooklyn, 2 Oueens, Staten Island and Harlem alone who 3 couldn't make it up here today. 4 CHAIRMAN SAMPSON: So, Mr. McKeown, 5 we're looking forward to that. Thank you 6 very much for your testimony. And we look 7 forward to getting those documentations in 8 at our next hearing. 9 Thank you, Senators. MR. MCKEOWN: 10 CHAIRMAN SAMPSON: Thank you very 11 12 much. The next witness is Robert Tembeck ian, 13 counsel for the New York State Commission on 14 Judicial Conduct, and the Honorable Judge 15 Thomas Klonick, chair of the Commission on 16 Judicial Conduct. 17 Just to make a note of it, we also have 18 representatives -- who are not going to 19 speak -- from the Second, Third and Fourth 20 Department Disciplinary Committees. 21 Thank you very much. Your Honor, good 22 morning. 23 Good morning, JUDGE KLONICK: 24