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DORIS SASSOWER and ELENA SASSOWER,

JOHN McFADDEN,

Petitioner-Landlord,

CALENDAR PROCEEDINGS

Index No.

SP 651-89(1474-08)

- against -

Respondent-Tenants.

AND

JOHN McFADDEN,

Petitioner-Landlord,

Index No. SP 1502/07

- against -

ELENA SASSOWER,

Respondent-Tenant.

City Court of White Plains White Plains, New York June 30, 2008

B E F O R E: HON. JO ANN FRIIA CITY COURT JUDGE OF WHITE PLAINS

APPEARANCES:

LEONARD A. SCLAFANI, P.C. Attorney for Petitioner-Landlord 18 East 41st Street, 15th Floor New York, New York 10017

ELENA SASSOWER

Pro Se Respondent-Tenant 16 Lake Street, Apartment 2C White Plains, New York 10603

Other Appearances:

John McFadden

Eleanor L. Scarpino Official Court Reporter

22 (Brief recess.)

23 COURT OFFICER: Come to order.

24 THE COURT: All right. Let's acknowledge

appearances.

The judges of this court rotate the parts on a

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case.

monthly basis and I rotated in today, into our civil part, having been in the past month in the criminal part and in the month before that in the vehicle and traffic part. So, coming into part "B," our civil trial part where these civil matters are scheduled, for the first time last week, I asked our clerk to please pull the files for me. This is the first time I'm seeing this, okay, and so I want to say a few words about that as well.

In reading Judge Hansbury's motion, I noted that the two matters that he consolidated was a matter from 1989. Those files I know are in storage. Indeed, the contents of those files are on microfilm or microfiche, depending on their year. I asked our clerk, and I would like to thank our two part clerk's for retrieving for the court today the contents of the file for docket 651 of '89. I have not had a chance to read that file because it was just retrieved, okay, I haven't had a chance to read it, but I'm going to say that because the next and last point I'm going to make this morning before allowing counsel to speak, is that over the weekend, I did have an opportunity to read the contents of docket 1502 of '07, the recent case, the one that is or has been following in the court for the last

several months. So, I have read the contents of the file of docket 1502 of 2007. I have not had an opportunity to read the contents of the file of 651 of '89. I'm aware of the issues here, and that having been said, I'm going to defer to Ms. Sassower for her application from last Friday. Go ahead now.

MS. SASSOWER: Thank you, your Honor.

I'm pleased that your Honor has identified that over this past weekend and only this past weekend you have reviewed the file in this case brought by Mr. McFadden last year under index number 1502 against me.

Having reviewed the file, you know or you should know that this case is not properly on the trial calendar. The reasons were set forth in a series of correspondence that I directed initially to this court's chief clerk because it was this court's chief clerk which sent a notice dated May 30 directing this case on for full-day trial today. It is, indicates Patricia Lupi as the chief clerk but not signed by her, there is a slash with initials "JR" which is Ms. Rodriquez, as I understand, who is the clerk of the landlord-tenant part.

There was additionally in the envelope that I received a second notice, these are form notices, the

second notice contains the identical title, case title, the same parties, only two, John McFadden against Elena Sassower, no indication of any additional party, but adds, in my hand, a further docket number, SP 651/89 which is represented as quotes "original number."

Having gotten this notice dated May 30, I expeditiously wrote Chief Clerk Lupi a letter and in that letter asked to advise as to the name of the judge before whom this case is scheduled for trial today, whether it was that same judge who had decided to schedule the case for trial and, if so, whether that judge had reviewed the pleadings, motions and decision in the case prior to deciding that it should be put forward for trial; and third, whether it was that judge who decided to add SP 651/89 to the trial notice, and the reason for doing so, in as much as it is not the original number, has a different premise, has a different caption with an additional party, and is only one of three open proceedings.

Now, I addressed this letter on June 6 to
Patricia Lupi and I enclosed a copy of the notices I had
received together with the envelope bearing post mark
June 2, I received it on June 3, and my letter was
hand-delivered to Patricia Lupi at the clerk's office on

June 6. I received a response but not by Chief Clerk
Lupi, I received a response from Jacqueline Rodriquez,
which was incomprehensible.

The entirety of the response to the three straight-forward questions that I had asked, so that there would be no confusion, so that there would be no waste of court time and resources, this is what Jacqueline Rodriquez said when she signed it as court assistant:

"In response to your letter dated June 6, 2008, the answers are in a decision that you received on or about October 11, 2007. As a courtesy, the pertinent answer to your questions have been highlighted."

She enclosed the decision of Judge Hansbury of October 11 and there were three portions highlighted. The first portion indicated the decision had been filed in White Plains City Court on October 11. The second portion indicated that — the second highlighted portion was the last paragraph of the decision which said, and, perhaps I should quote it in full because it goes to the issue of consolidation which is key here, because not only is this case not properly as a matter of law brought to trial based on this record, but it is not trial ready; and one of those reasons has to do with the

2 purported consolidation.

Let me read the last paragraph because there is a misapprehension on the part of the Court. This is Judge Hansbury's decision, October 11, 2007:

"Last, the Court has reviewed the Decision on Motion dated December 19, 1991, under index number 651/89 and notes the following. The Hon. James P. Reap is retired. Since the order quote "reserved decision," it does not fall within the ambit of C.P.L.R. 9002.

Additionally, to the extent a prior action remains pending, the Court is not required to enter an order of dismissal under C.P.L.R. 3211-a-4, rather, the Court will consolidate any prior pending action with the instant proceeding to avoid duplicative trials and promote judicial economy." There is a citation, "See Toulouse v. Chandler, referenced according to the decision, but wrongly so, at 5 Misc. 3d 1005 "A" footnote 9.

Now, the third highlighted portion of the decision enclosed by Ms. Rodriquez was the name "Hon. Brian Hansbury, City Court Judge." In other words, Ms. Rodriquez was representing that the basis of the trial notice for today is a decision of October 11, 2007, by Judge Hansbury. Inferentially, she was suggesting that

Judge Hansbury had directed it on for trial and insofar
as the original number, well, the October 11, 2007,
decision made no claim that the proceeding under, under
651/89 was an original number, moreover, that decision
of Judge Hansbury called for consolidation not of one
proceeding but of any, where is it, any

THE COURT: Any open case, any pending case. All right. Ms. Sassower, I'm going to stop you there because I want to address each of your points as you make them and in so doing I'm going to ask Mr. Sclafani if he has any response; so I'm going to stop you there, because if I understand your first objection, your first argument, the case is not on for trial today or should not — the case should not be on for trial today; that is your first point.

MS. SASSOWER: But I haven't gotten to the threshold reason why.

THE COURT: Okay. Then do that now.

MS. SASSOWER: Thank you. On June 13, I wrote to Patricia Lupi, a hand-delivered letter which said, "I couldn't begin to fathom the response that I had received to my three questions from the letter, that I had gotten, dated June 9, from Jacqueline Rodriquez, because, among other things, starting threshold, Judge

Hansbury had recused himself from the case by a written decision dated January 9, 2008." And the decision was clear, the decision said, "The undersigned hereby recuses himself and directs the clerk of the court" not to put the matter on for trial, no, "directs the clerk of the court to assign this matter to another judge of the White Plains City Court."

Now, I identified in my letter to Chief Clerk
Lupi, "In so doing," this is what I said, quote, "In so
doing, Judge Hansbury did not direct this case for
trial, he directed it for assignment to another judge of
the White Plains City Court who was then free to make
such determinations as were appropriate based on the
record of this case."

And so I asked Ms. Lupi, did you assign the case to another judge of White Plains City Court as directed by Judge Hansbury? If so, what was the date of the assignment and who was the judge? Was it that judge who decided to schedule the case for trial, and is June 30, and is the June 30 trial to be before him or her? Did that judge also decide to add only a single docket number, 651/89 to the trial notice and to represent it as the original number?" And I said, I concluded my letter by, the letter is extensive.

THE COURT: I got it.

MS. SASSOWER: Okay, but understand further, and I must just say that when I hand-delivered that June 13 letter, I had accompanied it by a further letter and the further letter reflected my visit to the clerk's office the preceding day and my direct conversation with Chief Clerk Lupi. And in the conversation, she, to make it short, she purported she knew nothing about the January 29, 2008, decision of Judge Hansbury in which he had recused himself. She believed -- she did know about Judge Hansbury's recusal, but she stated to me her belief that it was in open court on the record, not reflected in a decision.

She, also, because she didn't know about the written decision, it was clear, and I discussed it with her, that she had not made any assignment, she had, she had violated the direction Judge Hansbury had made and she essentially represented that it was done administratively through the clerk's office placing this case on the calendar.

It has no business being on the calendar for a myriad of reasons, and I will stop because you indicated you wanted to do this sequentially.

THE COURT: Yes.

MS. SASSOWER: Let me just, as earnestly as I can, I feel I did everything in my power, as I always have, I act honestly and in good faith always, I did not wish to waste this Court's time, I did not wish to waste the time of counsel, Mr. McFadden, my own time.

I'm aware of the placard on the clerk's office window, it says, "Committed to quality service. Let us know how we are doing," and it provides a brochure soliciting comment.

I wrote the clerk's office. I hand-delivered two letters asking reasonable questions that had to be addressed as to when this case was properly calendared, the issue of consolidation, whether a judge had made the determination based upon review of the file. You, yourself, said you only reviewed it this weekend, so you plainly didn't direct it.

THE COURT: I'm going to fill in some of those blanks in a minute. The first issue before the Court is Ms. Sassower's arguments that this case should not be on for trial today and if it is, it is not trial ready.

I want to address the first prong of that which is whether or not this matter is on for trial today or should be on for trial today. Mr. Sclafani, do

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sale.

In fact, there was no sale, but Ms. Sassower engaged in a holy war with her mother in Federal Court over a litigation that the Second Circuit and the United

month-to-month tenancy in the event that there was no

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States District Court found to have been utterly frivolous. They sanctioned both, the District Court sanctioned Ms. Sassower and her mother to \$93,000 in sanctions for engaging in the frivolous litigation in which she claimed that the board rejected her on the grounds that she was a Jewish, single woman.

A jury found that there was no basis for any of those claims and the judge found that her allegations were fraught with untruths and misrepresentations.

Thereafter, there was a month-to-month tenancy. There was a representation to the court in 651 that the judgment had been appealed. That was not true.

THE COURT: The judgment of the Federal Court?

MR. SCLAFANI: The federal judgment was not appealed, but that's what the parties were told. There were different counsel, at least on the petitioner's side. So, that petition, at that time the petition sought eviction based on the proposition that the month-to-month tenancy that was created by the occupancy agreement had terminated, and was terminated.

A motion for summary judgment was made in that case, and in that case Judge Reap rendered a decision in that motion which I believe your Honor has seen.

THE COURT: Yes, I have seen the decision of Judge Reap. When I refer to the contents of docket 651 of '89, I refer to what was on microfilm or microfiche and that was the notice of petition, petition, answer and motion papers; but, what we do have that was made part of the 2007 docket is Judge Reap's decision and I do have an understanding of what you are describing because it is in the 2007 case.

MR. SCLAFANI: What Judge Reap says, as your Honor knows, is the only issue, it was a decision on the motion for summary judgment. He said the decision is reserved, right?

He didn't decide the motion, he reserved decision. But what he said was, the only issue in the case is what happens in the federal litigation. If Ms. Sassower is successful in the appeal, she wins the summary proceeding. If she's not, she loses.

He said that was so because of the doctrines of res judicata and collateral estoppel and the issue of preclusion. In fact, there were appeals in the Federal Court pending, but they were not of the judgment, that there was no discrimination, the appeals were of the sanctions, and the appeals were for a denial, late filed, of a new trial which motion was made several

me completely. I read everything you said in your

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2 papers.

MR. SCLAFANI: I think that I will tie it together if you just give me the same courtesy you gave Ms. Sassower.

Proceedings

THE COURT: You have to tie it together a little better, at least towards the issue of what we're doing today, your positions, what we're doing here today or what we should be doing here today.

MR. SCLAFANI: I'm going to suggest to you what should be happening and the reasons why, but you need to understand, because you may not know what's in 651 totally, and some other things that have gone on, because I'm mystified by a bunch of things, and my adversary has taken a diametrically opposed position in this situation that has lead to some extent to this confusion.

So, 651 has an outstanding motion for summary judgment. That motion should be decided. And Judge Hansbury, in his decision that Ms. Sassower complained about and in which he recused himself, indicated that Judge Reap's decision is not binding. But Judge Reap's decision doesn't need to be binding for the exact same result to occur because Judge Reap's understanding that the only issue in the case 651, was what happens in the

its docket now for 17 years. What the Court needs to do is decide that motion.

All of the papers are submitted, as Judge Reap indicates in his decision, because additional papers, the right to file additional papers were sought and denied in that case. And the case was accepted, that motion was accepted and it remains open on this docket, so if that motion for summary judgment is granted, that case is not trial ready, and if it is granted in the petitioner's favor, we should, we don't need the second case.

Now, what's the relationship between the second case and the first case? Well, my client says that in 2001 he was all this time accepting use and occupancy under a court order that required that use and occupancy at a thousand dollars a month be paid pending the outcome of that litigation. That stay was lifted but the parties continued in that relationship.

In 2001 my client claims, as he says in his petition, he entered into a new agreement with Ms.

Sassower in which he said, "I need to get \$1,660 a month or else I need to move on. I will terminate the monthly tenancy."

THE COURT: Counsel, these are facts that I

don't need to hear to decide procedure of what we're going to do here today.

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MR. SCLAFANI: What's now the status we're in, Mrs. Sassower denied that, she denied that. What she argued in her answer in this case is that, is there is a prior open proceeding, and she named 651 and one other case in which she is not the petitioner or -- she's none of the -- petitioner is not my client, it is a case brought by the co-op board and I believe it's closed or it should be because I think there was a determination in that case that at least one of the necessary indispensable respondents was not properly served, so the only case she cited as an open case in her answer was 651. She said, you don't have to try this 2007 case, you can't, because there's this open case. You have to dismiss this one because it is essentially the That's what she said. same case.

She basically continued to argue in her answer that there was no new agreement, was no new agreement to the extent that she, and she conceded that there were several arrangements where she continued, where she paid additional rent pursuant to agreements she reached, but she basically says over and over again that she is in possession under the original occupancy agreement, an

agreement that was set forth in 651.

So, if she's right on that and she would be estopped from claiming otherwise, then there has been no change of circumstance, and she hasn't raised any in her answer that would require you to dismiss the instant case in favor of 651, would you grant judgment in my client's favor on 651. If that's not the case, if, in fact, there was a new arrangement, then there is no reason to consolidate because 651 would be mooted out by virtue of the fact that there was a new tenancy by the agreement that my client says and my client then would then be entitled to proceed on this case which is now a year old, this summary proceeding.

Why is it a year old? Well, because Judge Hansbury wrote a decision that I have to, again, the only thing I can agree with my adversary was incomprehensible, he recused and said my adversary sought recusal of Judge Hansbury, he granted that recusal, he, and then the case went into never, never land from October to today.

Is it trial ready today? Should it have been on the calendar today? Absolutely. Why? Because there is nothing else pending in this case. In a summary proceeding you make motions, you do what you are going

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to do, but petitions get served, there is a answer then there is a trial, unless there are intervening motions or stays.

There are no outstanding motions. There is no outstanding stay. When Judge Hansbury rendered his decision denying reargument and when he rendered his first decision denying the striking of the pleadings, he disposed of all of the outstanding motions. The only thing left for this case was to go on the trial calendar. There was no other thing that could happen to this case.

My adversary would like this case to be nowhere because she wanted it assigned to a judge. It doesn't get assigned to a judge, it gets put on the trial calendar, which is what happened. So, if Ms. Sassower wants to take the position that she took in her answer, that there has been no change of circumstance, that there's been no new agreement, that she's in pursuant to the occupancy agreement and has been paying use and occupancy under that occupancy agreement, then that's what 651 says. Please decide it.

There is a motion for summary judgment. We don't need the second proceeding.

THE COURT: I've got you. Thank you so much.

Again, this is all about procedure right now. Okay.

What the Court is going to do today and hereinafter, and I will also address the points on how this case got to me and what this Judge's opinion is of what it must do in light of the two decisions of Judge Hansbury, Ms. Sassower, I'm going to give you just two minutes to respond and then I'm going to decide this first application.

MS. SASSOWER: I'm grateful to you, your Honor, for giving me an opportunity to respond. There are so many misrepresentations, also.

THE COURT: All right. Two minutes. We're just talking procedure today.

MS. SASSOWER: Just procedure. Mr. Sclafani actually said that in my answer I only cited one open case and that was 651 of '89. I refer your Honor respectfully to my first affirmative defense which could not be clearer, more straight forward.

"First affirmative defense. Open prior proceedings. The petition materially omits that petitioner brought two prior eviction proceedings against respondent in White Plains City Court under index numbers 504/88 and 651/89, the latter of which remains open. The petition also materially omits that

petitioner himself as well as respondent are both respondents in prior proceedings against them in White Plains City Court brought by 16 Lake Street Owners, Inc., under index numbers 434/88 and 500/88, the former open as to petitioner and the latter open as to both petitioner and respondent, wherein 16 Lake Street Owners seeks to terminate petitioner's proprietary lease and evict respondent."

And then I say, "By reason of these open proceedings, petitioner is barred from commencing this instant proceeding where the petition must be dismissed."

I would point out respectfully, your Honor, because you have rightfully hit the nail on the head, it's all about procedure. I have a right in this proceeding to bring affirmative defenses and counterclaims. I did and I made a cross motion for a dismissal and summary judgment based upon my affirmative defenses and counterclaims.

Judge Hansbury, in his October 11, 2007, decision, which is purported by Chief Clerk Lupi to be the basis of our proceeding today, that decision doesn't even identify, let alone determine, make any adjudication as to my affirmative defenses and

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counterclaims as to which I demonstrated as a matter of law entitlement to the petition being thrown out on the papers with no trial and to my entitlement to my counterclaims.

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The only trial as a matter of law demonstrated on that cross motion of September 5 which, if you have reviewed the file, it is a breathtaking, comprehensive fact specific, document-supported cross motion which, additionally, insofar as Mr. Sclafani makes representations about the open summary judgment motion, the open summary judgment motion to which he refers is extensively discussed by me; and including the fact that it is not the last motion in the record, there was a subsequent summary judgment motion made by Mr. McFadden in 1992, and there were submissions there additionally. And what I pointed out in my papers was that both summary judgment motions were based upon misrepresentations to Judge Reap to such a degree that we asked at that time for sanctions, serious sanctions against Mr. McFadden and his then attorneys.

I know one last thing I'd like to say on the issue of res judicata, collateral estoppel, issue preclusion. Mr. Sclafani falsely represented to you that that would apply here, however, when the federal

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action was commenced, it was not commenced by Elena Sassower and Doris Sassower alone, undisclosed by Mr. Sclafani is that we had a co-plaintiff and his name was John McFadden. And there were, as part of this extraordinarily important litigation, an array of causes of action based upon noncompliance by the co-op with rules, procedures, guidelines of which Mr. McFadden had great personal knowledge since he had been a board member for five years, president of the co-op board. was a powerful co-plaintiff who decided to not only jump ship after joining with us, agreeing with us as to the outrage that had been perpetrated by the co-op, he not only jumped ship and colluded with the co-op, but he refused to give an assignment of rights; so by the time we got to trial, we had to drop our corporate non-compliance cause of action which is reflected by the judgment. They were dropped. There is no collateral estoppel,

There is no collateral estoppel, res judicata, issue preclusion because those critical issues of compliance by the co-op with its procedure, with its guidelines were never determined in the federal case thanks to Mr. McFadden bailing out and then refusing to make the assignment so that we could proceed on those.

Let me just finally say when Mr. Sclafani

talks about a frivolous litigation, that certainly is not that federal lawsuit. That federal lawsuit survived summary judgment as to the discrimination cause of action and it was so powerful that we made a summary judgment motion on the corporate non-compliance causes of action, copies of which we provided to Mr. McFadden through his attorney and still couldn't get an assignment of rights because he was colluding with the co-op.

Why would the two open proceedings involving the co-op be properly brought forward? Because Mr. Sclafani, when he first came to court a year ago, said to Judge Press that the reason for this proceeding was that Mr. McFadden was being pressured by the co-op to evict me which was an outright lie as, likewise, the representation made by Mr. Sclafani that the reason that Mr. McFadden purportedly entered into a quote "oral agreement" for my continued occupancy was he was too, it was too impossible to otherwise get us out as I demonstrated.

There was no problem at closeable litigation. There was no problem. If Mr. McFadden wanted to secure our eviction, if the co-op wished to secure our eviction in 1993, there was no bar. They chose knowingly,

2	deliberately not to proceed, not to get a summary
3	judgment order as they might have. It would have been
4	improper at that time because there were no issue
5	preclusion, collateral estoppel, res judicata that would
6	have been applicable, but nonetheless, if they wanted to
7	try it, there was no bar for Mr. McFadden to have
8	proceeded in that litigation to get the judgment to
9	evict me.

THE COURT: Thank you. I'm ready.

MS. SASSOWER: He chose not to.

THE COURT: First, I'd like to thank both Ms. Sassower and Mr. Sclafani for being here today, for being prepared, clearly, both of you are prepared, and for advising this Judge what your respective positions are, both in terms of what we are doing today and down the road with this matter, should it stay with us or otherwise.

This is the first time that Docket SP 1502 of '07 and SP 651 of '89 are before the Court together. I would agree with both Ms. Sassower and Mr. Sclafani that both cases cannot and should not be on for trial today.

As to how the matter came on to be scheduled today and, specifically, before me, I'd like to note the following:

The judges of this court must follow the decision and orders of each other. We do not sit as an appellate review of each other, okay; so, unless a decision of one of the judges of this court, full-time or part-time, is reversed by a superior court, in this case the Appellate Term of the State Supreme Court, or proceedings here stayed by the Supreme Court which has exclusive, original jurisdiction over all matters, we are bound to follow each other's decisions.

And in that way, I defer to Judge Hansbury and his decisions of October 11, 2007, and January 29, 2008. As best I know, as we speak, while there may be appeals of those decisions, there is no stay of the directions of those decisions, nor has the Appellate Term or the Supreme Court spoken with respect to the contents of those decisions.

In that way, our chief clerk sought to retrieve the file from 1989, and in so doing, ascertained that that is the only other open case in this matter.

Reference has been made today to other proceedings that might have been filed and occurred throughout the years, referring specifically to the last 17, 18 years in this city court between Mr. McFadden,

Elena and/or Doris L. Sassower, and/or a certain cooperative housing corporation which may be a real party in interest here, I don't know that, but may be a real party in interest here, sounds like they are for the moment since we are not addressing the facts, just the procedure, those are all closed files, okay.

The only open file from the past historically here is 651 of '89. Okay. Going to that file, Mr. Sclafani is absolutely correct that this is, that file is still open in that Judge James Reap reserved decision on the petitioner's then motion for summary judgment, pending the results of litigation in the Federal Court.

Okay. That having been said, there are now three full time judges and one half-time judge in White Plains City Court. That was not the case in 1989. Over the years the configuration of this court has changed. Nonetheless, I'm sitting the longest and I'm the successor in interest, being the senior judge, to Judge James Reap who was the senior judge in 1989 immediately prior to his retirement.

Our chief clerk then directed the file to me, for lack of a better way to assign older files, that file was directed to me. In directing that file to me, the decision of Judge Hansbury to then recuse himself,

at least with respect to docket 1502 of 2007, meant that to consolidate both cases meant that they would be assigned to me. So, if that serves to answer questions as to how the case got to me, that is how it got to me.

I cannot speak to the good communication that was had at the front window, why letters or responses or questions were answered, if or if they were not answered or not answered clearly, but hopefully my statement now answers how I came to have the case and how it came on to be on the calendar today assigned to me because of Judge Reap's involvement in the 1989 case and docket.

Okay. So that's how it got here.

That Jackie Rodriquez actually scheduled the matter is in the ordinary course of business in the White Plains City Court. She is the summary proceedings part clerk. She handles all the landlord tenant matters in this court, and having been advised that Judge Friia was going to handle the case, she assigned it to me. And this was the next available date for me, sitting in part "B." So, if that answers some of the questions, that's how I came to get the case. All right.

Next, the Court now has the file under index number SP 651 of '89, and I note that the Honorable

James Reap reserved decision on the petitioner's motion

the Court with what will occur from herein after.

MS. SASSOWER: May I be heard?

can, actually, I don't know if you want to appeal it, I

THE COURT: Yes.

That's my decision and you

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MS. SASSOWER: Yes. Respectfully.

THE COURT: I don't want to hear you disagree

leave it up to you, you can wait until I have an opportunity to review what's been retrieved from microfiche under docket 651 of '89, and the determination of the federal district court on that matter, at least as we have it now.

I would also note since that is a pending and open matter, the Court will accept no new papers, okay, no new papers on that, and there is no need, as Mr. Sclafani properly states, at least for purposes of submitting the matter de novo to the Court for a final decision, to notice Doris L. Sassower, at least not at this time. Okay. So, that having been said, that's the Court's decision on the first application.

The cases are not on today for trial. Having made a decision as to how we're going to proceed first with respect to docket 651 of '89, we'll simply be adjourning docket 1502 of '07 until you receive in the mail a written decision in the mail from me on the pending motion.

All right. So, now, that having been said, Ms. Sassower, you have another application now to the Court?

to 1990, just to make sure we have the full span, only

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treatise called Judicial Disqualification Recusal and Disqualification of Judges by Richard Enam (p) whose pertinent portions are quoted in my initial, excuse me one moment, are quoted in the first of my two letters to judge, to Chief Clerk Lupi of June 13. I refer you specifically to section 22.4.1 entitled "Void Orders. When a judge presumes to take substantive action in the case despite having recused himself from it or after he should have recused himself but did not, any such action is often considered a nullity and any orders issued by such a judge are considered absolutely void for want of jurisdiction."

Now, it goes on to say that orders by a disqualified judge, as Judge Hansbury conceded himself to be, the, he recused himself, he recused himself without reasons, but he recused himself in the face of an Order to Show Cause which I brought, dated November 9, 2007, which documented that his October 11, 2007, decision was nothing short of a fraud by him being unsupportable in fact and law and contrived.

THE COURT: If I may, Ms. Sassower, I'm unaware of any appeal or decision on appeal of Judge Reap's decision -- sorry, Judge Hansbury's decision. I have to stop you there. This is not a new issue.

If I hear you, the new issue is whether or not

I should recuse myself.

MS. SASSOWER: No, no, no, no. This is an -the issue raised in my letter to Chief Clerk Lupi with
citation of legal authority is that where a judge
recuses himself, recuses himself or has been the subject
of a legally sufficient disqualification motion as
plainly Judge Hansbury was by my November 9, 2007, his
orders maybe are void and are voidable and may be the
subject of application -- excuse me -- I'm seeking
application which is my right under the law. I do not
have to take an appeal. I can seek an application to
have those orders, decision orders rescinded, recalled,
vacated by reason of his disqualification, which he
conceded and, the basis, the good and sufficient basis
of the disqualification is in the record.

Both of those decisions, if you, your Honor, reviewed the file as you are maintaining you did this past weekend, and I will give you, let me give you one example.

THE COURT: Ms. Sassower, I addressed this, I addressed this. It is my belief, correct or incorrect, that I cannot review the decision of Judge Reap, I cannot stand in his shoes -- Judge Reap, excuse me, of

Judge Hansbury. I cannot stand in his shoes.

I don't know why he did what he did procedurally. I have attempted to pick up the case where he left off. I'm not going to review his decision. I'm not going to address whether or under what circumstances, with or without more, he recused himself from presiding over this case.

It is my belief that the proper forum is the superior court, either to our administrative judge or to a judge of the Supreme Court right around the corner, or a direct appeal of each of his decisions to the Appellate Term of the State Supreme Court.

MS. SASSOWER: I respectfully request an opportunity, that being the view of this Court, although it is erroneous by the law that I presented, not just in my letter to Chief Clerk Lupi, but then brought to your attention, your Honor, I brought all this correspondence to your Honor's attention, and the state of the record to your Honor's attention so that we might avoid a needless appearance today, and rather than your enforcing some standard of civility and professionalism by Chief Clerk Lupi that is her response to my letters, or yourself responding, because what I said to Chief Clerk Lupi is, unless she reassigned this trial notice,

she should bring my letters to your attention so that
you could vacate it; and based upon the record, because,
after all, what did Judge Hansbury's January 9 decision
and order direct? You are bound by it. What did it
direct? It directed not that that case be put on for
trial, but that another judge be assigned. She made no
assignment. It came to you. You have explained how it
came to you. You only reviewed, according to you, you
only reviewed the record this weekend. If you reviewed
the record, you know that there has to be findings of
facts and conclusions of law with respect to the course
charted by the parties which was not to proceed to trial
but to have a determination of motions made to dismiss
and for summary judgment; and it is because this Court
doesn't want to give me the protection of the law,
doesn't want to adhere to this rule of law, that this
Court, with all respect, purports that it is bound by
decisions demonstrated to be fraud by
THE COURT: Okay. MS. Sassower, is there any
other application?
MS. SASSOWER: Yes. I will have to make

MS. SASSOWER: Yes. I will have to make motions.

THE COURT: That's fine. We are done with the proceedings here today. You will get a written decision

1	Proceedings 40
2	in four to six weeks. Thank you, everyone. Have a good
3	lunch.
4	MS. SASSOWER: Would your Honor like to make
5	disclosure of bearing upon your fairness and
6	impartiality?
7	MR. SCLAFANI: May the record reflect that the
8	Judge is leaving the courtroom as am I.
9	MS. SASSOWER: Thank you.
10	* * *
11	Certified to be a true and accurate transcript
12	of the minutes taken in the above proceeding.
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14	Elearar LeCarpino
15	Eleanor L. Scarpino
16	Official Court Reporter
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